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Results announcement for the first quarter 2010

**GSK delivers Q1 EPS of 30.7p +16% CER before major restructuring\***

- Q1 sales £7.4bn up 13% CER
- Underlying sales (excluding pandemic products) up 4% CER

**Results before major restructuring\***

	Q1 2010 £m	Growth	
		CER%	£%
Turnover	7,357	13	9
Earnings per share	30.7p	16	17

**Total results**

	Q1 2010 £m	Growth	
		CER%	£%
Turnover	7,357	13	9
Restructuring charges	301		
Earnings per share	26.4p	18	18

The full results are presented under 'Income Statement' on page 8.

\* For explanations of the measures 'results before major restructuring' and 'CER growth', see page 7.

**Summary**

- **Good strategic progress delivers continued sales growth: Q1 sales £7.4bn up 13%**
  - Pharmaceutical sales +14% to £6.1bn: Emerging Markets (+43%), Asia Pacific/Japan (+45%), Europe (+16%), USA (-1%), ViiV Healthcare (-7%)
  - Consumer Healthcare sales +9% to £1.2bn, with market share gains across all categories (OTC, oral care, nutritionals)
  - Sales from 'white pills/western markets': 27% of Q1 sales (32% in Q1 2009)
- **Sustained new product momentum and pipeline delivery**
  - Sales of new products totalled £412m +65% (£1.1bn including pandemic products)
  - EU approvals: *Revolade*, *Arzerra* and *Duodart*. EU positive opinion: *Votrient*
  - Planned Q2 filings for *Benlysta* in USA and EU
  - Phase III start for *Relovair* in asthma
- **Operational Excellence programme on track to deliver £2.2bn of cumulative annual cost savings by 2012, with £1.5bn expected by end of 2010**
- **Net cash inflow from operating activities £2.1bn up 22% in sterling terms**
- **Progressive dividend policy continues with Q1 dividend of 15p (+7%).**

## GSK's strategic priorities

GSK has focused its business around the delivery of three strategic priorities, which aim to increase growth, reduce risk and improve GSK's long-term financial performance:

- **Grow a diversified global business**
- **Deliver more products of value**
- **Simplify GSK's operating model**

## Chief Executive Officer's Review

**With continued sales growth in the first quarter, I believe GSK is demonstrating sustained business performance and that we are making good progress in delivering our strategy.**

**Our sales growth is multi-sourced with good performances in our Pharmaceuticals business, driven by vaccines, respiratory and dermatology products and in our Consumer Healthcare business. In all of these areas, sales were especially dynamic across emerging markets where we continue to gain market share.**

Group turnover grew 13% aided by sales of pandemic influenza products (pandemic vaccine and *Relenza*). Excluding these products, underlying sales grew 4% to £6.6 billion. Sales from 'white pills/western markets' for the first quarter were approximately 27% (excluding sales of pandemic vaccine). This compares to 32% of sales in Q1 2009, a significant reduction and a reflection of the growing diversification of our business.

Established products such as *Seretide/Advair* and newer products, such as *Cervarix*, *Synflorix* and *Tykerb* helped to drive this good underlying performance. Total **new product sales** were over £400m (+65%) and including pandemic products were more than £1 billion.

Brand innovation, global expansion and continued investment in marketing, is also driving growth of our **Consumer Healthcare** business. This quarter sales grew 9%, significantly faster than estimated global market growth of 1%. Total sales were £1.2 billion, with brand innovations launched in the last 3 years representing approximately 14% of sales. All these strategies are helping to drive continued market share gains across all the business segments in which we operate.

**Proactive succession planning** in our key business areas is very important and in the last few months, we have made new appointments to maintain excellent leadership in both Vaccines and Consumer Healthcare over the longer-term.

This first quarter also saw some early signs of recovery for our **US pharmaceuticals** business, with sales down 1% (Q1 2009: -24%), as the balance within our portfolio between genericisation and new products begins to move in our favour.

We welcome the passage of **healthcare reform** in the USA this quarter, which will bring essential healthcare to millions of previously uninsured Americans and, for the industry, will provide greater certainty and stability. Clearly, the reform results in increased discounts for medicines particularly related to government programmes like Medicaid. In the first quarter we have been able to absorb this adverse financial impact and we expect to offset any further impact through continued operational performance. The transformation we have already instigated within our US business has been focused on ensuring that we are fit to compete in the environment created by this reform.

We also continue to re-shape the company through **simplification** and cost containment initiatives, which are on track to deliver annual cumulative cost savings of £2.2 billion by 2012 of which £1.5 billion is expected to be achieved by the end of this year. In addition, I am pleased with the progress we are making with the integration of Stiefel and we remain on track to deliver up to £155 million of savings from this programme by 2012.

This focus on cost control is guided by our strategy to improve returns on invested capital and is enabling us to invest effectively in growth markets. As a result, we still expect to deliver a broadly stable operating margin, before legal charges, for 2010.

Legal charges for this quarter increased versus the same quarter last year. This increase is a direct consequence of the progress we are making towards settlement of a number of existing cases.

Over these last few months, many companies have seen further public debate concerning drug safety and industry integrity. For GSK, this has related particularly to our diabetes medicine, *Avandia*. For us patient safety is an absolute priority and we continue to believe that the allegations made by some of our critics that we acted improperly around this medicine are unfounded. This debate is indicative of the pressures and challenges that our industry must face and reinforces the need for continued openness and transparency - an agenda GSK has strongly pursued since I took over as CEO. There is no question of us letting up on this as it is in the interest of patients and our business.

**In conclusion, GSK has made a good start to 2010 and this provides further confirmation that our strategy is working. We have increased the dividend for the quarter to 15p and remain confident of our prospects for the year.**

**Andrew Witty**  
Chief Executive Officer

To hear more from Andrew on GSK's Q1 Results, please visit: [www.gsk.com](http://www.gsk.com)

## Trading update

### Turnover and key product movements impacting growth for the quarter

Total Group turnover rose 13% to £7.4 billion, with pharmaceutical sales up 14% and Consumer Healthcare sales up 9%. Underlying sales performance in the quarter – excluding the benefit from significant sales of pandemic related products including H1N1 vaccine and *Relenza* – was also positive at 4%.

On a regional basis, a slight decline in US pharmaceutical sales (-1% to £1.9 billion) due to the continued impact of generic competition to several mature products, was offset by strong growth in all other regions: Europe (+16% to £1.9 billion), Emerging Markets (+43% to £866 million) and Asia Pacific/Japan (+45% to £885 million).

Sales of *Seretide/Advair* rose 9% to £1.3 billion, with strong growth in Europe (+10% to £423 million), Emerging Markets (+28% to £80 million) and Japan (+35% to £46 million). US *Advair* sales rose 4% to £630 million. *Flovent* sales (+5% to £196 million) benefited from the re-initiation of promotion in the USA where sales rose 8% to £99 million. *Avamys/Veramyst* sales increased 52% to £46 million, with strong growth in Europe more than offsetting a slight decline in the USA.

Total vaccine sales were £1.4 billion, including £698 million of H1N1 vaccine sales. Sales of *Synflorix*, which was launched in 2009, were £45 million, while *Cervarix* sales grew 60% to £77 million. Hepatitis vaccines also grew strongly (+38% to £197 million) benefiting from supply shortages of competitor products in the US market. *Rotarix* sales (+19% to £65 million) were not significantly impacted in the quarter by the FDA's decision in late March to suspend temporarily the product in the USA as a precautionary measure following the discovery of PCV-1 DNA material in the vaccine. An FDA advisory committee meeting to review this matter is scheduled for 7th May.

Dermatology sales, including heritage GSK products and those acquired through the acquisition of Stiefel in July 2009, totalled £265 million in the quarter (8% growth on a proforma basis). In addition, GSK's heritage consumer dermatology portfolio, reported within Consumer Healthcare, contributed sales of £62 million (+10%).

Other strong pharmaceutical performances in the quarter included *Tykerb* (+62% to £53 million), *Avodart* (+20% to £139 million), *Lovaza* (+9% to £107 million) and *Arixtra* (+25% to £70 million).

Sales of *Valtrex* declined 46% to £176 million, primarily as a result of generic competition to the product in the USA (-55% to £107 million) which began in November 2009. Sales of *Wellbutrin* fell 67% to £20 million, reflecting the sale of *Wellbutrin XL* in the USA to Biovail in Q2 2009. European sales of *Wellbutrin* rose 50% to £9 million. The decline in *Boniva* sales (-63% to £23 million) reflects the transfer on 1st January to Genentech of exclusive promotion of the product in the USA. GSK now records income from Genentech related to the product in Other operating income.

ViiV Healthcare, the new speciality HIV company established by GSK and Pfizer was launched in November 2009. HIV product sales were £373 million, down 7% on Q1 2009, in part reflecting the impact of US healthcare reforms. In addition the impact of competition to established products such as *Combivir* (-23% to £82 million) was not fully offset by the inclusion of *Selzentry* and *Viracept*.

Total Consumer Healthcare sales rose 9% (to £1.2 billion), significantly ahead of estimated market growth of approximately 1%, with growth in all regions: North America (+3%), Europe (+9%), and Rest of World (+13%) and in all categories: OTC products (+11% to £617 million), Oral care (+5% to £381 million) and Nutritionals (+12% to £233 million).

Within OTC, launches of the new *Niquitin/Nicorette Mini* lozenge helped grow the smoking control franchise (+16% to £92 million). The launch of the *Mini* in the USA began at the end of March 2010. Sales of *alli* more than doubled to £63 million, benefiting significantly from the launch of the product in Europe which began at the end of March 2009. The *Panadol* franchise also grew strongly (+14% to £117 million), helped by the acquisition of *Alvedon* in 2009. Sales of respiratory tract products declined 8% to £94 million, in part due to a relatively weak flu season.

Within Oral care, *Sensodyne* franchise sales continued to grow strongly (+21% to £133 million), offsetting a decline in *Poligrip* sales (-29% to £15 million) following the company's decision in February to end production of the zinc-containing product and to move to zinc-free alternatives. Zinc-free alternatives are expected to be fully available in all major markets by May 2010.

Nutritionals performance was driven by sales growth of all major products including *Horlicks* (+17% to £87 million), *Lucozade* (+5% to £82 million) and *Ribena* (+11% to £42 million).

## Operating profit and earnings per share commentary

### Results before major restructuring

Operating profit before major restructuring for Q1 2010 was £2,395 million, a 21% growth in CER terms.

Cost of sales increased to 26.2% of turnover (Q1 2009: 24.3%), reflecting the impact of generic competition to higher margin products in the USA, principally *Valtrex*, changes in business and product mix and £94 million of stock write-offs in the quarter. The company continues to expect cost of sales as a percentage of turnover to be around 26% for the full year.

SG&A costs as a percentage of turnover were 31.2%, broadly in line with the prior year. Legal costs of £210 million in the quarter reflected progress being made towards settlement of a number of existing cases. Excluding legal charges, SG&A costs were 28.3% of turnover and the company continues to expect SG&A costs excluding legal charges to be around 29% of turnover for the full year.

R&D expenditure decreased to 12.8% of turnover (Q1 2009: 15.9%), reflecting the phasing of project expenditure, good progress on efficiency savings and a positive comparison to the prior year which included significant intangible asset write-off costs. The company continues to expect R&D costs as a percentage of turnover to be around 14% for the full year.

Other operating income was £199 million in the quarter, including royalty income of £80 million (Q1 2009: £67 million). Other operating income also included a receipt relating to the transfer on 1st January 2010 to Genentech of exclusive promotion rights to *Boniva* in the USA. No further receipts from Genentech related to this transaction are expected this year.

Overall, the company continues to expect the operating profit margin in 2010 to be broadly similar to 2009 (excluding legal costs and the 2009 ViiV Healthcare one-time gain).

The charge for taxation on profit before major restructuring amounted to £618 million and represents an effective tax rate of 27.7% (Q1 2009: 29.0%). The effective tax rate for the full year is expected to be around 28%.

EPS before major restructuring of 30.7p increased 16% in CER terms (a 17% increase in sterling terms) compared with Q1 2009. A negative impact of 5% from currency movements was offset by exchange gains on the settlement of intercompany transactions in the quarter.

### **Total results after restructuring**

Operating profit after restructuring for Q1 2010 was £2,094 million, up 22% in both CER and sterling terms. This included £301 million of charges related to restructuring (Q1 2009: £264 million); £28 million was charged to cost of sales (Q1 2009: £143 million), £52 million to SG&A (Q1 2009: £71 million) and £221 million to R&D (Q1 2009: £50 million).

EPS after restructuring of 26.4p increased 18% in both CER and sterling terms compared with Q1 2009.

### **Cash flow and net debt**

Net cash inflow from operating activities for Q1 2010 was £2,122 million, up 22% in sterling terms. This was used to fund net interest of £21 million, capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets of £326 million, repayment of short-term loans of £625 million and the dividend paid to shareholders of £763 million.

Net debt decreased by £0.4 billion during the period to £9.0 billion at 31st March 2010, comprising gross debt of £16.2 billion and cash, cash equivalents and liquid investments of £7.2 billion. At 31st March 2010, GSK had short-term borrowings (including overdrafts) repayable within 12 months of only £1 billion with no further borrowings repayable in the subsequent year.

### **Dividends**

The Board has declared a first interim dividend of 15 pence per share (Q1 2009: 14 pence). The equivalent interim dividend receivable by ADR holders is 46.0320 cents per ADS based on an exchange rate of £1/\$1.5344. The ex-dividend date will be 5th May 2010, with a record date of 7th May 2010 and a payment date of 8th July 2010.

### **Currency impact**

The Q1 results are based on average exchange rates, principally £1/\$1.56, £1/€1.13 and £1/Yen 143. Comparative exchange rates are given on page 20. The period end exchange rates were £1/\$1.52, £1/€1.12 and £1/Yen 142. If exchange rates were to hold at these period end levels for the rest of 2010 and there were no exchange gains or losses in subsequent quarters, the estimated positive impact on 2010 sterling EPS growth before major restructuring would be approximately 5 percentage points.

### **Additional P&L information**

To improve transparency and understanding of our increasingly diversified business additional detailed financial information is provided for the first time on pages 22 to 23.

GlaxoSmithKline (GSK) together with its subsidiary undertakings, the 'Group' – one of the world's leading research-based pharmaceutical and healthcare companies – is committed to improving the quality of human life by enabling people to do more, feel better and live longer. GlaxoSmithKline's website [www.gsk.com](http://www.gsk.com) gives additional information on the Group. Information made available on the website does not constitute part of this document.

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#### Results before major restructuring

Results before major restructuring is a measure used by management to assess the Group's financial performance and is presented after excluding restructuring charges relating to the Operational Excellence programme, which commenced in October 2007 and the acquisitions of Reliant Pharmaceuticals in December 2007 and Stiefel in July 2009. Management believes that this presentation assists shareholders in gaining a clearer understanding of the Group's financial performance and in making projections of future financial performance, as results that include such costs, by virtue of their size and nature, have limited comparative value.

#### CER growth

In order to illustrate underlying performance, it is the Group's practice to discuss its results in terms of constant exchange rate (CER) growth. This represents growth calculated as if the exchange rates used to determine the results of overseas companies in Sterling had remained unchanged from those used in the comparative period. All commentaries are presented in terms of CER growth, unless otherwise stated.

#### Brand names and partner acknowledgements

Brand names appearing in italics throughout this document are trademarks of GSK or associated companies or used under licence by the Group.

#### Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking statements

Under the safe harbor provisions of the US Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, the company cautions investors that any forward-looking statements or projections made by the company, including those made in this Announcement, are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Factors that may affect the Group's operations are described under 'Risk Factors' in the 'Business Review' in the company's Annual Report on Form 20-F for 2009.

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Registered in England and Wales. Registered number: 3888792

## Income statement

### Three months ended 31st March 2010

	Results before major restructuring Q1 2010 £m	Growth CER%	Major restructuring Q1 2010 £m	Total Q1 2010 £m	Results before major restructuring Q1 2009 £m	Major restructuring Q1 2009 £m	Total Q1 2009 £m
<b>TURNOVER</b>	<b>7,357</b>	<b>13</b>		<b>7,357</b>	6,769		6,769
Cost of sales	(1,924)	19	(28)	(1,952)	(1,644)	(143)	(1,787)
Gross profit	5,433	11	(28)	5,405	5,125	(143)	4,982
Selling, general and administration	(2,298)	18	(52)	(2,350)	(2,129)	(71)	(2,200)
Research and development	(939)	(9)	(221)	(1,160)	(1,074)	(50)	(1,124)
Other operating income	199			199	54		54
<b>OPERATING PROFIT</b>	<b>2,395</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>(301)</b>	<b>2,094</b>	1,976	(264)	1,712
Finance income	17			17	28		28
Finance expense	(204)		(1)	(205)	(202)	(1)	(203)
Profit on disposal of interest in associate	-			-	115		115
Share of after tax profits of associates and joint ventures	25			25	14		14
<b>PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION</b>	<b>2,233</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>(302)</b>	<b>1,931</b>	1,931	(265)	1,666
Taxation	(618)		82	(536)	(560)	63	(497)
<i>Tax rate %</i>	<i>27.7%</i>			<i>27.8%</i>	<i>29.0%</i>		<i>29.8%</i>
<b>PROFIT AFTER TAXATION FOR THE PERIOD</b>	<b>1,615</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>(220)</b>	<b>1,395</b>	1,371	(202)	1,169
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	55			55	38		38
Profit attributable to shareholders	1,560		(220)	1,340	1,333	(202)	1,131
	1,615		(220)	1,395	1,371	(202)	1,169
<b>EARNINGS PER SHARE</b>	<b>30.7p</b>	<b>16</b>		<b>26.4p</b>	26.3p		22.3p
Diluted earnings per share	30.4p			26.1p	26.2p		22.2p

**Pharmaceuticals turnover**  
**Three months ended 31st March 2010**

	Total		USA		Europe		Rest of World	
	£m	CER%	£m	CER%	£m	CER%	£m	CER%
<b>Respiratory</b>	<b>1,766</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>805</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>569</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>13</b>
<i>Avamys/Veramyst</i>	46	52	17	(10)	13	56	16	>100
<i>Flixonase/Flonase</i>	45	(30)	6	(40)	10	(17)	29	(32)
<i>Flixotide/Flovent</i>	196	5	99	8	45	(6)	52	8
<i>Seretide/Advair</i>	1,264	9	630	4	423	10	211	25
<i>Serevent</i>	51	(16)	16	(11)	26	(16)	9	(25)
<i>Ventolin</i>	116	3	35	-	37	-	44	7
<i>Zyrtec</i>	20	17	-	-	-	-	20	17
<b>Anti-virals</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>(44)</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>(42)</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>(78)</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>(20)</b>
<i>Relenza</i>	84	(60)	30	>100	2	(97)	52	(49)
<i>Valtrex</i>	176	(46)	107	(55)	23	(43)	46	-
<i>Zeffix</i>	52	4	3	-	7	-	42	5
<b>Central nervous system</b>	<b>417</b>	<b>(13)</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>(32)</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>(2)</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>7</b>
<i>Imigran/Imitrex</i>	57	(9)	24	(11)	22	(12)	11	-
<i>Lamictal</i>	120	(11)	61	(23)	37	(3)	22	26
<i>Requip</i>	55	14	10	38	36	13	9	-
<i>Seroxat/Paxil</i>	106	(12)	10	(29)	22	(21)	74	(6)
<i>Treximet</i>	13	7	13	7	-	-	-	-
<i>Wellbutrin</i>	20	(67)	8	(85)	9	50	3	-
<b>Cardiovascular and urogenital</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>337</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>23</b>
<i>Arixtra</i>	70	25	39	27	26	23	5	25
<i>Avodart</i>	139	20	76	12	40	17	23	77
<i>Coreg</i>	42	(12)	42	(12)	-	-	-	-
<i>Fraxiparine</i>	56	4	-	-	43	-	13	17
<i>Lovaza</i>	107	9	107	10	-	-	-	-
<i>Vesicare</i>	25	13	25	13	-	-	-	-
<i>Volibris</i>	9	>100	-	-	8	>100	1	-
<b>Metabolic</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>(18)</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>(36)</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>(7)</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>7</b>
<i>Avandia products</i>	169	(10)	89	(14)	38	(12)	42	2
<i>Bonviva/Boniva</i>	23	(63)	-	-	20	(5)	3	-
<b>Anti-bacterials</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>(6)</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>(10)</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>(21)</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>10</b>
<i>Augmentin</i>	160	(10)	8	(44)	63	(23)	89	9
<b>Oncology and emesis</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>17</b>
<i>Arzerra</i>	5	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Hycamtin</i>	40	-	24	-	13	(7)	3	50
<i>Promacta</i>	6	>100	6	>100	-	-	-	-
<i>Tyverb/Tykerb</i>	53	62	17	73	24	41	12	100
<i>Votrient</i>	5	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Vaccines</b>	<b>1,411</b>	<b>&gt;100</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>613</b>	<b>&gt;100</b>	<b>627</b>	<b>&gt;100</b>
<i>Boostrix</i>	30	19	15	55	9	25	6	(43)
<i>Cervarix</i>	77	60	2	-	59	51	16	78
<i>Fluarix, FluLaval</i>	5	(43)	1	-	-	-	4	(50)
<i>Flu Pandemic</i>	698	>100	-	-	304	>100	394	>100
<i>Hepatitis</i>	197	38	92	92	61	2	44	19
<i>Infanrix, Pediarix</i>	166	(3)	32	(13)	104	(2)	30	4
<i>Rotarix</i>	65	19	27	93	13	8	25	(14)
<i>Synflorix</i>	45	-	-	-	12	-	33	-
<b>Dermatologicals</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>&gt;100</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>&gt;100</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>83</b>
<i>Bactroban</i>	27	(7)	11	(20)	6	-	10	11
<i>Dermovate</i>	15	-	-	-	4	-	11	-
<i>Duac</i>	27	-	17	-	6	-	4	-
<i>Soriatane</i>	18	-	18	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Zovirax</i>	49	61	26	>100	7	(13)	16	(11)
<b>Other</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>20</b>
	<b>5,753</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1,909</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>1,893</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>1,951</b>	<b>39</b>
<b>ViiV Healthcare (HIV)</b>	<b>373</b>	<b>(7)</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>(11)</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>(3)</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>(4)</b>
<i>Combivir</i>	82	(23)	34	(30)	33	(17)	15	(17)
<i>Epivir</i>	28	(15)	10	(15)	10	(21)	8	-
<i>Epzicom/Kivexa</i>	131	(1)	48	(10)	64	6	19	6
<i>Lexiva</i>	41	(8)	21	(15)	15	(12)	5	50
<i>Selzentry</i>	19	-	8	-	11	-	-	-
<i>Trizivir</i>	38	(27)	19	(33)	17	(29)	2	100
	<b>6,126</b>	<b>14</b>						

Pharmaceutical turnover includes co-promotion income.

## Consumer Healthcare turnover

Three months ended 31st March 2010

	Total		USA		Europe		Rest of World	
	£m	CER%	£m	CER%	£m	CER%	£m	CER%
<b>Over-the-counter medicines</b>	<b>617</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>11</b>
<i>alli</i>	63	>100	28	7	34	>100	1	-
<i>Breathe Right</i>	21	(19)	11	(21)	5	(14)	5	(17)
Cold sore franchise	25	9	10	22	12	9	3	(33)
Nicotene replacement therapy	92	16	62	16	19	12	11	29
<i>Panadol</i>	117	14	-	-	27	30	90	10
<i>Tums</i>	26	(7)	22	(11)	-	-	4	33
<b>Oral healthcare</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>16</b>
<i>Aquafresh</i> franchise	123	(3)	25	-	67	(8)	31	7
<i>Biotene</i>	7	17	5	-	1	-	1	-
Denture care	76	(3)	16	(11)	24	(11)	36	9
<i>Sensodyne</i> franchise	133	21	30	23	50	9	53	33
<b>Nutritional healthcare</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>16</b>
<i>Horlicks</i>	87	17	-	-	6	20	81	17
<i>Lucozade</i>	82	5	-	-	67	3	15	13
<i>Ribena</i>	42	11	-	-	29	16	13	-
	<b>1,231</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>13</b>

## Statement of comprehensive income

	Q1 2010 £m	Q1 2009 £m
Profit for the period	<b>1,395</b>	1,169
Exchange movements on overseas net assets and net investment hedges	<b>203</b>	(214)
Fair value movements on available-for-sale investments	<b>24</b>	21
Deferred tax on fair value movements on available-for-sale investments	<b>1</b>	(1)
Reclassification of fair value movements on available-for-sale investments	<b>(13)</b>	(4)
Actuarial losses on defined benefit plans	<b>(165)</b>	(135)
Deferred tax on actuarial movements in defined benefit plans	<b>53</b>	37
Fair value movements on cash flow hedges	<b>-</b>	(3)
Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the period	<b>103</b>	(299)
Total comprehensive income for the period	<b>1,498</b>	870
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to:		
Shareholders	<b>1,413</b>	844
Non-controlling interests	<b>85</b>	26
	<b>1,498</b>	870

## GSK's late-stage pharmaceuticals and vaccines pipeline

The table below is provided as part of GSK's quarterly update to show events and changes to the late stage pipeline during the quarter and up to the date of announcement.

The following assets were listed as approved or terminated in the last quarterly update and are no longer included in the table: *Cervarix*, *Tykerb IBC*

Biopharmaceuticals		USA	EU	News update in the quarter
<i>Arzerra</i> (ofatumumab)	CLL	Approved	Approved Apr 2010	Approved in the EU on 19th April 2010.
	NHL (FL)	Ph III	Ph III	
	NHL (DLBCL)	Ph III	Ph III	
	RA	Ph III	Ph III	
<i>Benlysta</i> (belimumab)	Systemic lupus	Ph III	Ph III	Announced headline BLISS 76 76 week data on 20th April 2010. Expect to file in Q2 2010.
otelixizumab	Type 1 diabetes	Ph III	Ph III	
<i>Syncria</i>	Type 2 diabetes	Ph III	Ph III	
<i>Prolia</i> (denosumab)	Post menopausal osteoporosis	n/a	Filed	
Cardiovascular & Metabolic		USA	EU	News update in the quarter
<i>Arixtra</i>	Acute coronary syndrome	Filed	Approved	
<i>Avandamet XR</i>	Type 2 diabetes	Ph III	Ph III	Filing strategy under review.
<i>Avandia</i> + statin	Type 2 diabetes	Ph III	Ph III	Filing strategy under review.
darapladib	Atherosclerosis	Ph III	Ph III	
Neurosciences		USA	EU	News update in the quarter
<i>Horizant</i>	RLS	Filed	Ph III	Complete Response letter received 17th February 2010.
almorexant	Primary insomnia	Ph III	Ph III	
retigabine	Epilepsy	Filed	Filed	
Oncology		USA	EU	News update in the quarter
<i>Promacta/Revolade</i>	Chronic ITP	Approved	Approved Mar 2010	Approved in the EU on 11th March 2010.
	Hepatitis C	Ph III	Ph III	Recruitment complete.
	CLD	Ph III	Ph III	Chronic liver disease study closed and data presented at EASL 17th April 2010. Next steps under review.
<i>Avodart</i>	Prostate cancer prevention	Refiled Mar 2010	Filed	Refiled in USA on 29th March 2010.
	<i>Duodart/Flodart</i> (fixed dose combination with tamsulosin)	Tentative approval Jan 2010	Approved Mar 2010	Approved in Switzerland on 22nd March 2010 and in EU via Decentralised Procedure on 31st March 2010.

Oncology / contd.		USA	EU	News update in the quarter
<i>Votrient</i> (pazopanib)	Renal cell cancer	Approved	Filed	CHMP positive opinion 19th February 2010. Enrolment complete in Sutent head-to-head study
	Sarcoma	Ph III	Ph III	Recruitment complete.
	Ovarian	Ph III	Ph III	
<i>Tykerb</i>	First-line metastatic	Approved Jan 2010	Filed	CHMP positive opinion 19th February 2010.
	Adjuvant breast cancer	Ph III	Ph III	
	Head & neck cancer	Ph III	Ph III	
	Gastric cancer	Ph III	Ph III	
pazopanib + <i>Tykerb</i>	Inflammatory breast cancer	Ph III	Ph III	No longer pursuing this indication.
Respiratory & Immuno-inflammation		USA	EU	News update in the quarter
<i>Relovair</i> HORIZON (‘444 & ‘698)	COPD/Asthma	Ph III	Ph III	Phase III asthma programme commenced in March 2010.
Vaccines		USA	EU	News update in the quarter
<i>Menhibrix</i> (HibMenCY-TT)	MenCY and Hib prophylaxis	Filed	n/a	Date for expected VRBPAC meeting has not yet been set.
MAGE-A3	Melanoma	Ph III	Ph III	
	NSCLC	Ph III	Ph III	
<i>Nimenrix</i> (MenACWY)	MenACWY prophylaxis	Ph III	Ph III	Plan to file in EU in H2 2010.
New generation flu	Influenza prophylaxis	Ph III	Ph III	
<i>Simplirix</i>	Genital herpes prophylaxis	Ph III	Ph III	
<i>Mosquirix</i>	Malaria prophylaxis	n/a	n/a	Phase III study ongoing in Africa.

## Balance sheet

	31st March 2010 £m	31st March 2009 £m	31st December 2009 £m
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	9,532	9,441	9,374
Goodwill	3,524	2,147	3,361
Other intangible assets	8,412	6,157	8,183
Investments in associates and joint ventures	965	499	895
Other investments	529	512	454
Deferred tax assets	2,492	2,772	2,374
Derivative financial instruments	94	112	68
Other non-current assets	653	560	583
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>26,201</b>	<b>22,200</b>	<b>25,292</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventories	4,157	4,107	4,064
Current tax recoverable	52	95	58
Trade and other receivables	6,814	5,920	6,492
Derivative financial instruments	87	258	129
Liquid investments	254	364	268
Cash and cash equivalents	6,964	6,221	6,545
Assets held for sale	28	2	14
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>18,356</b>	<b>16,967</b>	<b>17,570</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>44,557</b>	<b>39,167</b>	<b>42,862</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Short-term borrowings	(1,034)	(1,276)	(1,471)
Trade and other payables	(6,796)	(5,752)	(6,772)
Derivative financial instruments	(127)	(254)	(168)
Current tax payable	(1,716)	(948)	(1,451)
Short-term provisions	(2,480)	(1,516)	(2,256)
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>(12,153)</b>	<b>(9,746)</b>	<b>(12,118)</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Long-term borrowings	(15,220)	(15,106)	(14,786)
Deferred tax liabilities	(667)	(717)	(645)
Pensions and other post-employment benefits	(3,280)	(3,227)	(2,981)
Other provisions	(1,191)	(1,529)	(985)
Derivative financial instruments	(6)	(2)	-
Other non-current liabilities	(614)	(406)	(605)
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>	<b>(20,978)</b>	<b>(20,987)</b>	<b>(20,002)</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>(33,131)</b>	<b>(30,733)</b>	<b>(32,120)</b>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>	<b>11,426</b>	<b>8,434</b>	<b>10,742</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
Share capital	1,417	1,416	1,416
Share premium account	1,384	1,340	1,368
Retained earnings	6,822	4,619	6,321
Other reserves	1,047	687	900
<b>Shareholders' equity</b>	<b>10,670</b>	<b>8,062</b>	<b>10,005</b>
Non-controlling interests	756	372	737
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>	<b>11,426</b>	<b>8,434</b>	<b>10,742</b>

## Cash flow statement

### Three months ended 31st March 2010

	Q1 2010 £m	Q1 2009 £m	2009 £m
<b>Profit after tax</b>	<b>1,395</b>	1,169	5,669
Tax on profits	536	497	2,222
Share of after tax profits of associates and joint ventures	(25)	(14)	(64)
Profit on disposal of interest in associates	-	(115)	(115)
Net finance expense	188	175	713
Depreciation and other non-cash items	466	603	1,271
(Increase)/decrease in working capital	(277)	22	(106)
Increase/(decrease) in other net liabilities	122	(271)	(45)
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>2,405</b>	2,066	9,545
Taxation paid	(283)	(330)	(1,704)
<b>Net cash inflow from operating activities</b>	<b>2,122</b>	1,736	7,841
<b>Cash flow from investing activities</b>			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(207)	(268)	(1,418)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	17	7	48
Purchase of intangible assets	(119)	(120)	(455)
Proceeds from sale of intangible assets	-	-	356
Purchase of equity investments	(61)	(23)	(154)
Proceeds from sale of equity investments	10	1	59
Purchase of businesses, net of cash acquired	-	(501)	(2,792)
Investment in associates and joint ventures	(13)	(7)	(29)
Proceeds from disposal of interest in associates	-	178	178
Decrease in liquid investments	28	23	87
Interest received	19	41	90
Dividends from associates and joint ventures	2	3	17
<b>Net cash outflow from investing activities</b>	<b>(324)</b>	(666)	(4,013)
<b>Cash flow from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from own shares for employee share options	6	3	13
Issue of share capital	17	15	43
Shares acquired by ESOP Trusts	(56)	(50)	(57)
Increase in long-term loans	-	-	1,358
Repayment of short-term loans	(625)	(25)	(748)
Increase in short-term loans	15	191	646
Net repayment of obligations under finance leases	(11)	(11)	(48)
Interest paid	(40)	(56)	(780)
Dividends paid to shareholders	(763)	(730)	(3,003)
Distributions to non-controlling interests	(67)	(41)	(89)
Other financing items	(93)	50	(109)
<b>Net cash outflow from financing activities</b>	<b>(1,617)</b>	(654)	(2,774)
<b>Increase in cash and bank overdrafts in the period</b>	<b>181</b>	416	1,054
Exchange adjustments	103	(11)	(158)
Cash and bank overdrafts at beginning of period	6,368	5,472	5,472
<b>Cash and bank overdrafts at end of period</b>	<b>6,652</b>	5,877	6,368
Cash and bank overdrafts at end of period comprise:			
Cash and cash equivalents	6,964	6,221	6,545
Overdrafts	(312)	(344)	(177)
	<b>6,652</b>	5,877	6,368

## Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital £m	Share premium £m	Retained earnings £m	Other reserves £m	Shareholder's equity £m	Non-controlling interests £m	Total equity £m
At 1st January 2010	1,416	1,368	6,321	900	10,005	737	10,742
Profit for the period	-	-	1,340	-	1,340	55	1,395
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	61	12	73	30	103
Distributions to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(67)	(67)
Dividends to shareholders	-	-	(763)	-	(763)	-	(763)
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Shares issued	1	16	-	-	17	-	17
Consideration received for shares transferred by ESOP Trusts	-	-	-	6	6	-	6
Shares acquired by ESOP Trusts	-	-	-	(56)	(56)	-	(56)
Write-down on shares held by ESOP Trusts	-	-	(185)	185	-	-	-
Share-based incentive plans	-	-	48	-	48	-	48
<b>At 31st March 2010</b>	<b>1,417</b>	<b>1,384</b>	<b>6,822</b>	<b>1,047</b>	<b>10,670</b>	<b>756</b>	<b>11,426</b>
At 1st January 2009	1,415	1,326	4,622	568	7,931	387	8,318
Profit for the period	-	-	1,131	-	1,131	38	1,169
Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period	-	-	(303)	16	(287)	(12)	(299)
Distributions to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(41)	(41)
Dividends to shareholders	-	-	(730)	-	(730)	-	(730)
Shares issued	1	14	-	-	15	-	15
Consideration received for shares transferred by ESOP Trusts	-	-	-	3	3	-	3
Shares acquired by ESOP Trusts	-	-	-	(50)	(50)	-	(50)
Write-down on shares held by ESOP Trusts	-	-	(150)	150	-	-	-
Share-based incentive plans	-	-	49	-	49	-	49
At 31st March 2009	1,416	1,340	4,619	687	8,062	372	8,434

## Segmental information

GSK has revised its segmental information disclosures to reflect changes in the internal reporting structures with effect from 1st January 2010. ViiV Healthcare is now shown as a separate segment. Stiefel has been integrated with the GSK heritage dermatology business and is reported within the relevant geographical pharmaceutical segments. The other trading and other unallocated pharmaceuticals information has been combined. Comparative information has been restated onto a consistent basis.

GSK's operating segments are being reported based on the financial information provided to the Chief Executive Officer and the responsibilities of the Corporate Executive Team (CET). Individual members of the CET are responsible for geographic regions of the Pharmaceuticals business, ViiV Healthcare and for the Consumer Healthcare business as a whole, respectively.

R&D investment is essential for the sustainability of the pharmaceutical businesses. However, for segment reporting, the US, Europe, Emerging Markets and Asia Pacific/Japan pharmaceutical operating profits exclude allocations of globally funded R&D as well as central costs, principally corporate functions and unallocated manufacturing costs. GSK's management reporting process allocates intra-Group profit on a product sale to the market in which that sale is recorded, and the profit analyses below have been presented on that basis.

The Other trading and unallocated pharmaceuticals segment includes Canada, Puerto Rico, central vaccine tender sales and contract manufacturing sales, together with costs such as vaccines R&D and central manufacturing costs not attributed to other segments.

The Pharmaceuticals R&D segment is the responsibility of the Chairman, Research & Development and is therefore being reported as a separate segment.

Corporate and other unallocated costs and disposal profits include corporate functions, costs for legal matters, fair value movements on financial instruments and investments and profits on global asset disposals.

## Turnover by segment

	Q1 2010 £m	Q1 2009 (restated) £m	Growth CER%
US pharmaceuticals	1,909	2,088	(1)
Europe pharmaceuticals	1,893	1,669	16
Emerging Markets pharmaceuticals	866	639	43
Asia Pacific/Japan pharmaceuticals	885	619	45
ViiV Healthcare	373	419	(7)
Other trading and unallocated pharmaceuticals	200	184	4
Pharmaceuticals turnover	6,126	5,618	14
Consumer Healthcare turnover	1,231	1,151	9
	7,357	6,769	13

## Operating profit by segment

	Q1 2010 £m	Q1 2009 (restated) £m	Growth CER%
US pharmaceuticals	1,295	1,349	4
Europe pharmaceuticals	1,138	918	26
Emerging Markets pharmaceuticals	313	205	62
Asia Pacific/Japan pharmaceuticals	525	329	63
ViiV Healthcare	212	291	(23)
Pharmaceuticals R&D	(765)	(885)	(10)
Other trading and unallocated pharmaceuticals	(127)	(154)	59
Pharmaceuticals operating profit	2,591	2,053	27
Consumer Healthcare operating profit	198	184	9
Segment profit	2,789	2,237	26
Corporate and other unallocated costs and disposal profits	(394)	(261)	
Operating profit before major restructuring	2,395	1,976	21
Major restructuring	(301)	(264)	
Total operating profit	2,094	1,712	22
Finance income	17	28	
Finance costs	(205)	(203)	
Profit on disposal of interest in associate	-	115	
Share of after tax profits of associates and joint ventures	25	14	
Profit before taxation	1,931	1,666	15

## Segmental commentary

US pharmaceuticals operating profit increased 4% in the quarter despite a decline in turnover of 1%. This reflects the receipt of a payment from Genentech for the exclusive promotion rights to *Boniva* for 2010 in the USA.

Europe pharmaceuticals operating profit increased 26% reflecting the turnover increase of 16%, benefiting from strong H1N1 sales in the quarter, and a 6% reduction in SG&A costs.

Emerging Markets operating profit grew by 62% on a turnover increase of 43%, reflecting strong H1N1 sales and increased investment in this segment.

Asia Pacific/Japan pharmaceuticals operating profit rose by 63%, principally as a result of the significant H1N1 sales in the quarter; turnover increased by 45%.

In ViiV Healthcare higher SG&A costs adversely impacted operating profit by 10%. The higher SG&A costs were primarily due to an increase in phase IV clinical trial expenditure, the amortisation of acquired intangible assets and close out of integration activities.

Other trading and unallocated pharmaceuticals operating loss increased 59%, primarily reflecting higher stock write-offs in the quarter.

Pharmaceuticals R&D costs decreased by 10%, reflecting lower intangible asset write-offs of £32 million in the quarter (Q1 2009: £115m) and the phasing of project expenditure.

Consumer Healthcare operating profit grew in line with the turnover increase of 9%.

Corporate and other unallocated costs increased primarily as a result of the higher legal charges of £210 million in the quarter (Q1 2009: £51m).

### Legal matters

The Group is involved in various legal and administrative proceedings principally product liability, intellectual property, tax, anti-trust and governmental investigations as well as related private litigation, which are more fully described in the 'Legal proceedings' note in the Annual Report 2009.

At 31st March 2010, the Group's aggregate provision for legal and other disputes (not including tax matters described under 'Taxation' below) was £2.3 billion. In respect of a number of legal proceedings in which the Group is involved, it is not possible to make a reasonable estimate of the expected financial effect, if any, that will result from ultimate resolution of the proceedings. In these cases, the Group may disclose information with respect to the nature and facts of the cases but no provision is typically made.

The ultimate liability for legal claims may vary from the amounts provided and is dependent upon the outcome of litigation proceedings, investigations and possible settlement negotiations. The Group's position could change over time, and there can, therefore, be no assurance that any losses that result from the outcome of any legal proceedings will not exceed the amount of the provisions reported in the Group's financial accounts by a material amount.

Significant developments since the date of the Annual Report 2009 are as follows:

#### **Arzerra**

On 23rd March 2010, Genentech and Biogen Idec filed suit against the Group in the Southern District of California alleging that the Group's sale of *Arzerra* induces and contributes to infringement of US Patent No. 7,682,612. That patent claims the treatment of chronic lymphatic leukemia with an anti-CD-20 monoclonal antibody. The Group believes that there are numerous defences to the suit and will respond to the complaint.

#### **Combivir**

In April 2010, the Group and Teva Pharmaceuticals agreed to settle the suit filed by the Group in the US District Court for the District of Delaware alleging that Teva was infringing a patent related to *Combivir*, which was set to expire in May 2012. The terms of the settlement are confidential and subject to review by the Federal Trade Commission and Department of Justice.

Developments with respect to tax matters are described in 'Taxation' below.

### Taxation

Transfer pricing and other issues are as previously described in the 'Taxation' note to the Financial Statements included in the Annual Report 2009. There have been no material changes to tax matters since the publication of the Annual Report.

GSK continues to believe that it has made adequate provision for the liabilities likely to arise from open assessments. The ultimate liability for such matters may vary from the amounts provided and is dependent upon the outcome of litigation proceedings and negotiations with the relevant tax authorities.

## Dividends

	<u>Paid/ payable</u>	<u>Pence per share</u>	<u>£m</u>
<b>2010</b>			
First interim	8th July 2010	15	763
<b>2009</b>			
First interim	9th July 2009	14	701
Second interim	8th October 2009	14	713
Third interim	7th January 2010	15	763
Fourth interim	8th April 2010	18	920
		<u>61</u>	<u>3,097</u>

## Weighted average number of shares

	<u>Q1 2010 millions</u>	<u>Q1 2009 millions</u>	<u>2009 millions</u>
Weighted average number of shares – basic	5,078	5,064	5,069
Dilutive effect of share options and share awards	46	24	39
Weighted average number of shares – diluted	<u>5,124</u>	<u>5,088</u>	<u>5,108</u>

## Net assets

The book value of net assets increased by £684 million from £10,742 million at 31st December 2009 to £11,426 million at 31st March 2010. This reflects an increase in net assets arising from the operating activities in the period partially offset by the dividend payment and an increase in the pension deficit. The increase in the pension deficit arose predominantly from an increase in the estimated long-term UK inflation rate, and a decrease in the rate used to discount UK pension liabilities from 5.70% to 5.50% and the rate used to discount US pension liabilities from 5.75% to 5.60%, partly offset by an increase in asset values. At 31st March 2010, the net deficit on the Group's pension plans was £1,941 million compared with £1,745 million at 31st December 2009.

The carrying value of investments in associates and joint ventures at 31st March 2010 was £965 million, with a market value of £1,894 million.

At 31st March 2010, the ESOP Trusts held 108.7 million GSK shares against the future exercise of share options and share awards. The carrying value of £1,003 million has been deducted from other reserves. The market value of these shares was £1,375 million.

GSK did not purchase any shares for cancellation in the period. At 31st March, the company held 474.2 million Treasury shares at a cost of £6,286 million, which has been deducted from retained earnings.

<b>Reconciliation of cash flow to movements in net debt</b>	<b>Q1 2010</b> £m	Q1 2009 £m	2009 £m
Net debt at beginning of the period	<b>(9,444)</b>	(10,173)	(10,173)
Increase in cash and bank overdrafts	<b>181</b>	416	1,054
Cash inflow from liquid investments	<b>(28)</b>	(23)	(87)
Net increase in long-term loans	-	-	(1,358)
Net repayment/(increase in) of short-term loans	<b>610</b>	(166)	102
Net repayment of obligations under finance leases	<b>11</b>	11	48
Debt of subsidiary undertakings acquired	-	-	(9)
Exchange adjustments	<b>(349)</b>	167	1,041
Other non-cash movements	<b>(17)</b>	(29)	(62)
Decrease in net debt	<b>408</b>	376	729
Net debt at end of the period	<b>(9,036)</b>	(9,797)	(9,444)

### Related party transactions

The Group's significant related parties are its joint ventures and associates as disclosed in the Annual Report 2009.

There were no material transactions with any of the Group's joint ventures and associates in the period. There were also no material transactions with directors.

### Contingent liabilities

There were contingent liabilities at 31st March 2010 in respect of guarantees and indemnities entered into as part of the ordinary course of the Group's business. No material losses are expected to arise from such contingent liabilities.

### Exchange rates

The Group operates in many countries and earns revenues and incurs costs in many currencies. The results of the Group, as reported in Sterling, are affected by movements in exchange rates between Sterling and other currencies. Average exchange rates, as modified by specific transaction rates for large transactions, prevailing during the period are used to translate the results and cash flows of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures into Sterling. Period-end rates are used to translate the net assets of those entities. The currencies which most influenced these translations and the relevant exchange rates were:

	<b>Q1 2010</b>	Q1 2009	2009
Average rates:			
£/US\$	<b>1.56</b>	1.44	1.56
£/Euro	<b>1.13</b>	1.09	1.12
£/Yen	<b>143</b>	136	146
Period end rates:			
£/US\$	<b>1.52</b>	1.43	1.61
£/Euro	<b>1.12</b>	1.08	1.13
£/Yen	<b>142</b>	142	150

During Q1, average Sterling exchange rates were stronger against the US Dollar, the Euro and the Yen compared with the same period in 2009. Period end Sterling exchange rates were stronger against the US Dollar and the Euro.

### **Accounting presentation and policies**

This unaudited Results Announcement containing condensed financial information for the three months ended 31st March 2010 is prepared in accordance with the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the United Kingdom's Financial Services Authority, IAS 34 'Interim financial reporting' and the accounting policies set out in the Annual Report 2009, except that GSK has implemented IFRS 3 (Revised) 'Business combinations', IAS 27 (Revised) 'Consolidated and separate financial statements: recognition and measurement' and IFRIC 17 'Distributions of non-cash assets to owners'.

This Results Announcement does not constitute statutory accounts of the Group within the meaning of sections 434(3) and 435(3) of the Companies Act 2006. The balance sheet at 31st December 2009 has been derived from the full Group accounts published in the Annual Report 2009, which has been delivered to the Registrar of Companies and on which the report of the independent auditors was unqualified and did not contain a statement under section 498 of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Internet**

This Announcement and other information about GSK are available on the company's website at: <http://www.gsk.com>.

## Additional P&L information

### Three months ended 31st March 2010

			Turnover	Cost of sales	SG&A costs	R&D costs	Other operating income	Operating profit	Operating margin %
US pharmaceuticals	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>1,909</b>	<b>(209)</b>	<b>(522)</b>	-	<b>117</b>	<b>1,295</b>	<b>67.8</b>
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	2,088	(197)	(549)	-	7	1,349	64.6
	<i>Growth CER</i>	%	(1)	10	3	-	>100	4	
Europe pharmaceuticals	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>1,893</b>	<b>(396)</b>	<b>(363)</b>	-	<b>4</b>	<b>1,138</b>	<b>60.1</b>
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	1,669	(355)	(398)	-	2	918	55.0
	<i>Growth CER</i>	%	16	14	(6)	-	100	26	
Emerging Markets pharmaceuticals	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>866</b>	<b>(317)</b>	<b>(235)</b>	<b>(1)</b>	-	<b>313</b>	<b>36.1</b>
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	639	(228)	(206)	(1)	1	205	32.1
	<i>Growth CER</i>	%	43	39	28	-	(100)	62	
Asia Pacific / Japan pharmaceuticals	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>885</b>	<b>(192)</b>	<b>(164)</b>	<b>(6)</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>525</b>	<b>59.3</b>
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	619	(139)	(149)	(5)	3	329	53.2
	<i>Growth CER</i>	%	45	37	9	40	(33)	63	
ViiV Healthcare	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>373</b>	<b>(83)</b>	<b>(68)</b>	<b>(7)*</b>	<b>(3)</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>56.8</b>
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	419	(79)	(41)	(5)*	(3)	291	69.5
	<i>Growth CER</i>	%	(7)	6	71	40	(33)	(23)	
Pharmaceuticals R&D	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	-	-	<b>(42)</b>	<b>(725)</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>(765)</b>	
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	-	-	(48)	(841)	4	(885)	
	<i>Growth CER</i>	%	-	-	(6)	(10)	(25)	(10)	
Other trading and unallocated pharmaceuticals	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>(221)</b>	<b>(32)</b>	<b>(142)</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>(127)</b>	
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	184	(181)	(64)	(147)	54	(154)	
	<i>Growth CER</i>	%	4	28	>100	(2)	28	59	
<b>Total pharmaceuticals</b>	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>6,126</b>	<b>(1,418)</b>	<b>(1,426)</b>	<b>(881)</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>2,591</b>	<b>42.3</b>
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	5,618	(1,179)	(1,455)	(999)	68	2,053	36.5
	<i>Growth CER</i>	%	14	22	11	(8)	>100	27	
Consumer Healthcare	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>1,231</b>	<b>(483)</b>	<b>(515)</b>	<b>(37)</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>16.1</b>
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	1,151	(444)	(490)	(33)	-	184	16.0
	<i>Growth CER</i>	%	9	11	8	18	-	9	
Corporate and other unallocated costs	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	-	<b>(23)</b>	<b>(357)</b>	<b>(21)</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>(394)</b>	
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	-	(21)	(184)	(42)	(14)	(261)	
	<i>Growth CER</i>	%	-	10	>100	(48)	>100	60	
<b>Results before major restructuring</b>	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>7,357</b>	<b>(1,924)</b>	<b>(2,298)</b>	<b>(939)</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>2,395</b>	<b>32.6</b>
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	6,769	(1,644)	(2,129)	(1,074)	54	1,976	29.2
	<i>Growth CER</i>	%	13	19	18	(9)	>100	21	

\* Note: This excludes HIV discovery research (pre-Phase IIb) which is conducted by GSK and Pfizer and R&D expenditure related to the Shionogi JV and Phase IV clinical expenditure which are reported within the ViiV Healthcare OOI and SG&A lines respectively.

The following table provides additional financial analysis for worldwide vaccines and worldwide dermatologicals which are not segments for financial reporting purposes and are managed within the geographical pharmaceutical segments. Consequently these results are included within the financial information of the relevant geographical pharmaceutical segments as reported to the CEO and presented in the tables on pages 16 to 17.

### Three months ended 31st March 2010

			Turnover	Cost of sales	SG&A costs	R&D costs	Other operating income	Operating profit	Operating margin %
Worldwide vaccines	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>1,411</b>	<b>(389)</b>	<b>(170)</b>	<b>(117)</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>763</b>	<b>54.1</b>
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	625	(201)	(150)	(118)	24	180	28.8
	Growth CER	%	>100	98	18	2	17	>100	
Worldwide dermatologicals	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>(53)</b>	<b>(78)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>47.9</b>
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	112	(25)	(3)	-	-	84	75.0
	Growth CER	%	>100	>100	>100	-	-	55	
All other pharmaceuticals	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>4,450</b>	<b>(976)</b>	<b>(1,178)</b>	<b>(756)</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>1,701</b>	<b>38.2</b>
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	4,881	(953)	(1,302)	(881)	44	1,789	36.7
	Growth CER	%	(5)	4	4	(11)	>100	(5)	
<b>Total pharmaceuticals</b>	<b>Q1 2010</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>6,126</b>	<b>(1,418)</b>	<b>(1,426)</b>	<b>(881)</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>2,591</b>	<b>42.3</b>
	Q1 2009 (restated)	£m	5,618	(1,179)	(1,455)	(999)	68	2,053	36.5
	Growth CER	%	14	22	11	(8)	>100	27	

## Independent review report to GlaxoSmithKline plc

### Introduction

We have been engaged by the company to review the condensed financial information in the Results Announcement for the three months ended 31st March 2010 which comprises the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, balance sheet, cash flow statement, statement of changes in equity and related notes (excluding the late-stage pharmaceuticals and vaccines pipeline table and the additional P&L information). We have read the other information contained in the Results Announcement and considered whether it contains any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the information in the condensed financial information.

### Directors' responsibilities

The Results Announcement is the responsibility of, and has been approved by, the directors. The directors are responsible for preparing the Results Announcement in accordance with the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the United Kingdom's Financial Services Authority.

The annual financial statements of the group are prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union. The condensed financial information included in the Results Announcement for the three months ended 31 March 2010 has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting', as adopted by the European Union.

### Our responsibility

Our responsibility is to express to the company a conclusion on the condensed financial information in the Results Announcement based on our review. This report, including the conclusion, has been prepared for and only for the company for the purpose of the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the Financial Services Authority and for no other purpose. We do not, in producing this report, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

### Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements (UK and Ireland) 2410, 'Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity' issued by the Auditing Practices Board for use in the United Kingdom. A review of interim financial information consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the condensed financial information in the Results Announcement for the three months ended 31st March 2010 is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 as adopted by the European Union and the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the United Kingdom's Financial Services Authority.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
28th April 2010  
London

### Notes:

- (a) The maintenance and integrity of the GlaxoSmithKline plc website is the responsibility of the directors; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the condensed financial information since it was initially presented on the website.
- (b) Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.