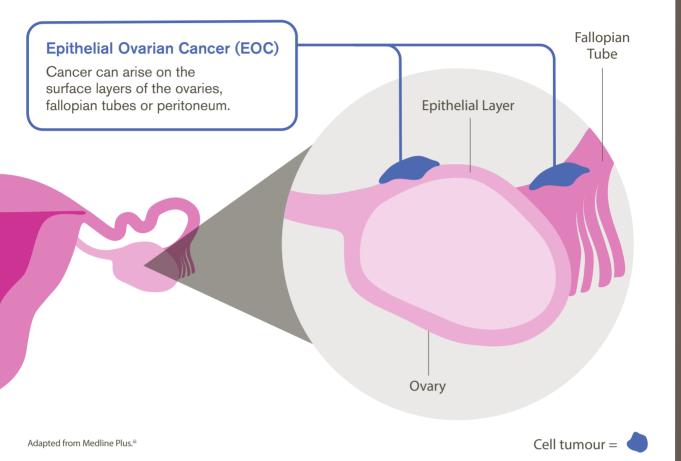


About Ovarian Cancer

Ovarian cancer is a form of cancer that occurs due to the abnormal and uncontrolled growth of cells from the ovaries, fallopian tubes or peritoneum.ⁱ

Ovarian cancer can start from three common cell types: epithelium, germ cells and stromal cells.

The most common type of ovarian cancer is epithelial, which accounts for 90% of all cases of ovarian cancer.¹



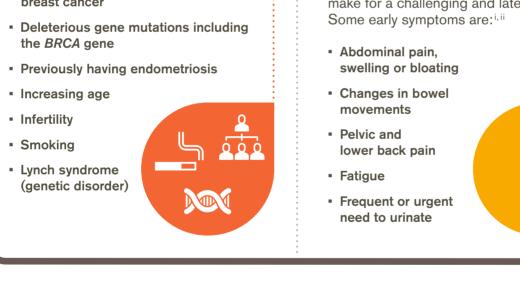
Causes

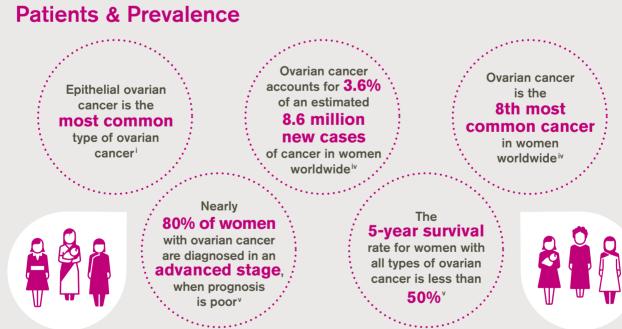
It's not clear what causes ovarian cancer, but risk factors include:^{i,ii}

 Family history of ovarian or breast cancer

Signs & Symptoms

Many women with early ovarian cancer have no signs or symptoms and when present, they are similar to other, more common and benign conditions. This can make for a challenging and late diagnosis.





Diagnosis

To help diagnose ovarian cancer, exams and tests may be used, such as:ⁱⁱ

- Biopsy
- Physical evaluation and pelvic exam
- Ultrasound and other imaging tests
- Blood tests



Treatment

In general, treatment for ovarian cancer may include a combination of the following:^{i,ii}

- Surgery
- Targeted therapy
- Chemotherapy



References

- ¹ Drapkin, RI. Ovarian Cancer. National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD). https://rarediseases.org/rare-diseases/ovarian-cancer/. Accessed April 2020.
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